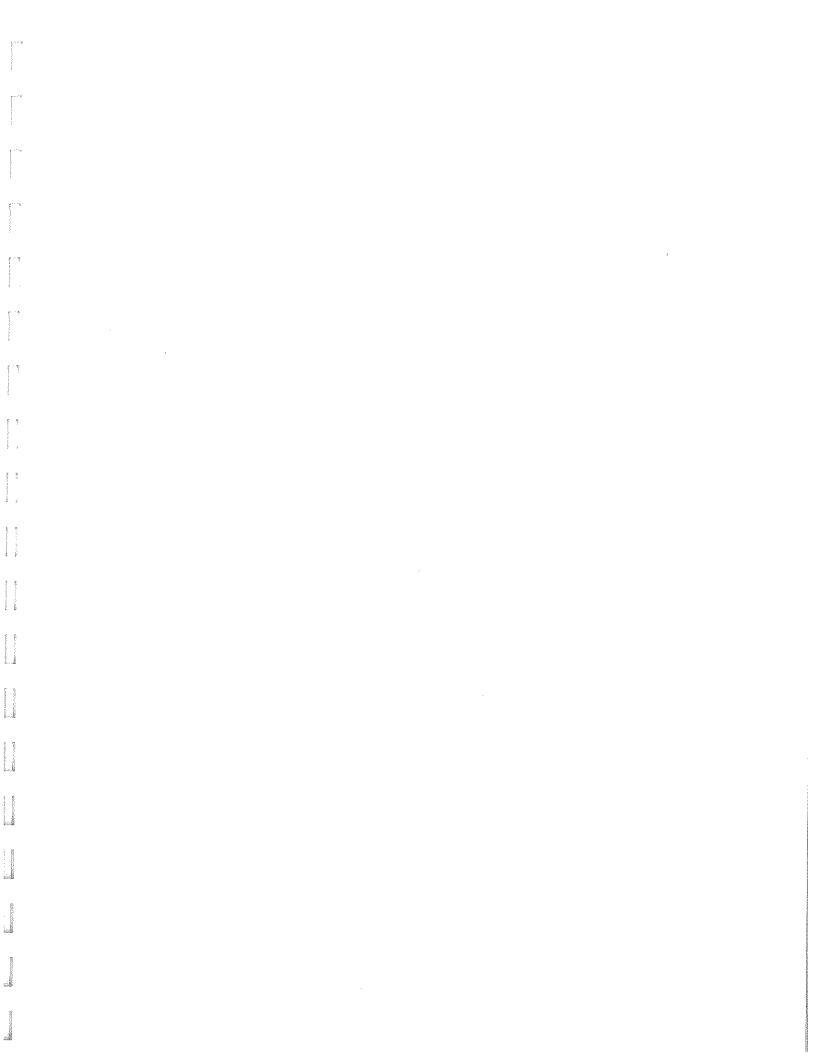
CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC., NORTH CAROLINA

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018



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David A. Johnson Chris P. Judy Geri H. Lail James K. Tiller David W. Tucker

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. Raleigh, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adjustments to Prior Period Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 and the Schedules of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedule of Contributions on pages 42 through 47, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., North Carolina's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying budgetary schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2018 on our consideration of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thomas, Judy & Jucker, P.A.

November 29, 2018

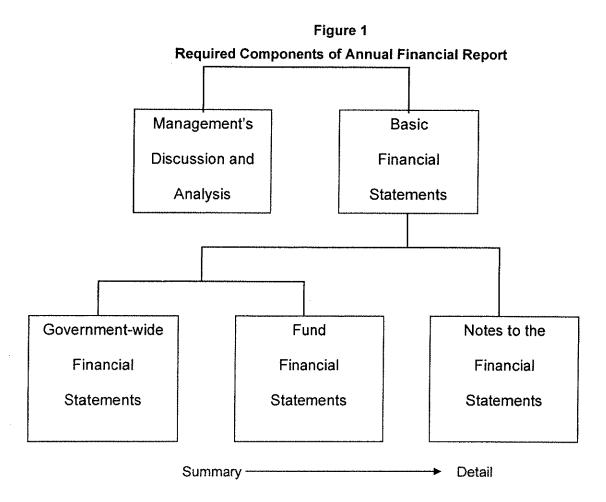
As management of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc, we offer readers of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc (School) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the School's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc exceeded its assets at the close of the fiscal year by \$(7,715,103) (net position).
- The School adopted GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, which resulted in a restatement of net position of \$7,574,855 as of June 30, 2017.
- The School's total net position decreased by \$311,594.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$708,534, an increase of \$131,719 in comparison with the prior year.
- Enrollment at the School remains steady, with 481 charter and 20 private pre-school students for the 2017 – 2018 year, compared to 489 charter and 19 private pre-school students for the 2016-2017 school year, compared to 450 charter and 17 private pre-school students in the 2015-2016 school year.
- Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. does not have any long-term debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the School through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short- and long-term information about the School's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the School's government. These statements are more detailed than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; and 2) the proprietary fund statements.

Immediately following the fund financial statements are the **Notes to the Financial Statements** (i.e. "Notes). The Notes offer a detailed explanation of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the School's individual funds. Budgetary information for the School also can be found in this section of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the School's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the School's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the School's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the School's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities, and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the School's basic functions such as instructional services and business services. State, county, and federal funds provide virtually all of the funding for these functions. The business-type are those services for which the School charges its students.

The government-wide financial statements are enumerated in Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the School's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the School's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the School's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies remaining at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using the *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the School's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. adopts an annual budget for each of its funds, although it is not required to do so by the General Statutes. Because the budget is not legally required by the Statutes, the budgetary comparison statements are not included in the basic financial statements, but are part of the supplemental statements and schedules that follow the notes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the faculty, management, and the Board of Directors of the School in determining what activities will be pursued and what services will be provided by the School during the year. It also authorizes the School to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for each of the funds demonstrates how well the School has complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the School has succeeded in providing the services essentially as planned when the budget was adopted.

Proprietary Funds – Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc has one proprietary fund which is an enterprise fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc uses its enterprise fund to account for its pre-school and before and after school childcare functions.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are included in this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a school's financial condition. The liabilities of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. exceeded assets by \$7,715,103 as of June 30, 2018. The School adopted GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, which resulted in a restatement of net position of \$(7,574,855) as of June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, prior to the restatement, the net position of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. stood at \$171,346. The School's net position decreased by \$311,594 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, compared to a decrease of \$122,311 in 2017. The School has invested \$153,199 (net of depreciation) in capital assets mainly in leasehold improvements for the facilities that house the School for the year ended June 30, 2018. Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. has no outstanding debt. Of the remaining net position \$90,000 is restricted for a security deposit, while \$11,711 is restricted for the DIPNC OPEB plan. The remaining net position is a deficit of \$(7,970,013). In 2017, the amount of net position invested in capital assets net of related debt was \$186,094. Of the remaining net position \$90,000 is restricted for a security deposit. The remaining balance of \$(104,748) was unrestricted for that year.

Casa Esperanza Montessori recorded net pension liability of \$1,696,381, pension deferred outflow of resources of \$840,393, and pension deferred inflows of resources of \$81,105 as of June 30, 2018. As a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions for the year ended June 30, 2014, Casa Esperanza Montessori annually records pension related liability and deferrals including amounts resulting from the proration of State-wide changes in assumptions and difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

The cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB 68 has been a reduction of net position of \$871,099 for the retroactive restatement for the June 30, 2014 year end, an increase of net position of \$122,548 for the June 30, 2015 year end, increase in net position of \$146,476 for the June 30, 2016 year end, decrease in net position of \$125,367 for the June 30, 2017 year end, and decrease in net position of \$209,651 for the June 30, 2018 year end. The cumulative reduction in net position from inception totaled \$937,093 as of June 30, 2018.

Casa Esperanza Montessori recorded a net OPEB ("other postemployment benefits") asset of \$11,711, a net OPEB liability of \$6,111,570, OPEB deferred outflows of resources of \$431,033, and OPEB deferred inflows of resources of \$2,125,880 as of June 30, 2018. As a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board statement 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions during the year ended June 30, 2018, Casa Esperanza Montessori annually records an OPEB related asset, liability, and related deferrals including amounts resulting from the proration of plan-wide changes in assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The cumulative effect of the implementation of GASB 75 has been a reduction of net position of \$7,574,855 for the retroactive restatement for the June 30, 2017 year end in its 2018 financial statements, and a decrease in net position of \$219,851 for the June 30, 2018 year end. The cumulative reduction in net position from inception totaled \$7,794,706 as of June 30, 2018.

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. Net Position

Figure 2

		Government	al A	ctivities	 Business-ty	pe /	Activities	То	tal	
		2018		2017	 2018		2017	 2018		2017
Current and other assets	\$	731,286	\$	587,076	\$ 166,298	\$	146,682	\$ 897,584	\$	733,758
Capital assets		153,199		186,094	 		-	 153,199		186,094
Total assets	_	884,485		773,170	 166,298		146,682	 1,050,783		919,852
Deferred outflows of resources		1,213,702		1,192,862	57,724		72,637	1,271,426		1,265,499
Current liabilities		11,573		10,261	-		-	11,573		10,261
Long-term liabilities		7,356,808		1,775,550	 461,946		107,465	 7,818,754		1,883,015
Total liabilities		7,368,381		1,785,811	 461,946		107,465	 7,830,327		1,893,276
Deferred inflows of resources		2,106,788		113,799	100,197		6,930	2,206,985		120,729
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		153,199		186,094	-		-	153,199		186,094
Restricted		101,179		90,000	532		-	101,711		90,000
Unrestricted		(7,631,360)		(209,672)	 (338,653)		104,924	 (7,970,013)		(104,748)
Total Net Position	\$	(7,376,982)	\$	66,422	\$ (338,121)	\$	104,924	\$ (7,715,103)	\$	171,346

Several particular aspects of the School's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- The School adopted a combined annual budget for all funds. The School's performance was
 measured using these budgets on a monthly basis, allowing changes in spending as needed
 to stay within the budget.
- The School received \$65,481 in donations and fundraising during the fiscal year.

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern Activ			ess-type vities	To	tal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 319,767	\$ 346,152	\$ 319,767	\$ 346,152
Operating grants and contributions	138,354	73,314	-	-	138,354	73,314
General revenues:						•
County, State, and Federal funds	4,026,159	3,896,353	-	-	4,026,159	3,896,353
Donations and other revenues	148,044	147,324	-	-	148,044	147,324
Total revenues	4,312,557	4,116,991	319,767	346,152	4,632,324	4,463,143
Expenses:						
Instructional programs	3,639,577	3.261.865	_	-	3.639,577	3,261,865
Support services	946,197	1,012,936	_	-	946,197	1,012,936
Community services	6,405	10,393		-	6,405	10.393
Preschool	-	· · · · · ·	351,739	300,260	351,739	300,260
Total expenses	4,592,179	4,285,194	351,739	300,260	4,943,918	4,585,454
Increase in net position before transfers	(279,622)	(168,203)	(31,972)	45,892	(311,594)	(122,311)
Transfers	67,175	109,675	(67,175)	(109,675)		-
Increase (decrease) in net position	(212,447)	(58,528)	(99,147)	(63,783)	(311,594)	(122,311)
Net position - beginning, previously reported	66,422	124,950	104,924	168,707	171,346	293,657
Net position - restatement	(7,230,957)	-	(343,898)	*	(7,574,855)	
Net position - ending	\$ (7,376,982)	\$ 66,422	\$ (338,121)	\$ 104,924	\$ (7,715,103)	\$ 171,346

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the School's net position by \$212,447.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's net position by \$99,147.

Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

As noted earlier, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$618,534, an increase of \$131,719 over prior year.

At June 30, 2018, the governmental funds of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc reported a combined fund balance of \$708,534.

Proprietary Funds. The School's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Pre-school Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$(338,121).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$153,199 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include leasehold improvements and instructional equipment.

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

		Govern Activ		
		2017		
Leasehold improvements	\$	144,422	\$	173,151
Instructional equipment		8,777		12,943
Total	\$	153,199	\$	186,094

Additional information on the School's capital assets can be found in note III.A.2. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2018, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc had no debt outstanding.

Economic Factors

The following key economic indicators reflect the financial health of the School:

- Cutbacks in federal funding to education in general have resulted in reductions in federal revenue to the School. These have been somewhat offset by State and County revenue growth.
- While there is growing interest in charter schools across the Triangle area, there is also growing competition from new or expanding charter schools.
- Unemployment rate in the Triangle is lower than both the State and National averages.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the School's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Board Chair, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc, 2600 Sumner Blvd #130, Raleigh, NC 27616, and telephone (919) 855-9811.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Exhibit 1

		Prim	ary Governme	nt	
	Governmenta	al B	usiness-type	•	
ACCETO	Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 540,90	7 \$	165,766	\$	706,673
Accounts receivable	89,20		700,700	Ψ	89,200
Net OPEB asset	11,17		532		11,711
Security deposit	90,00	0	-		90,000
Capital assets (Note 1):		_			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	153,19	9	-		153,199
Total capital assets	153,19	9	44		153,199
Total assets	884,48	5	166,298		1,050,783
DENOISH DEFENDED SHITE! SING OF DESCRIPTION	000.00	_	00.455		0.40.000
PENSION DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	802,23 411,46		38,155 19,569		840,393 431,033
DEFERRED OUT LOWS OF RESOURCES	411,40	7	19,509		431,033
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	11,57	3	-		11,573
Long-term liabilities:		_			
Net pension liability	1,511,90		184,481 277,465		1,696,381
Net OPEB liability Due within one year	5,834,10 10,80		211,405		6,111,570 10,803
Due Willim One your	.0,00	<u> </u>			10,000
Total liabilities	7,368,38	1	461,946		7,830,327
PENSION DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	77,42	3	3,682		81,105
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,029,36	5	96,515		2,125,880
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	153,19	a			153,199
Restricted for:	155, 15	,	-		199,199
DIPNC OPEB plan	11,179	9	532		11,711
Security deposit	90,00		-		90,000
Unrestricted	(7,631,36	D)	(338,653)	·····	(7,970,013)
Total net position	\$ (7,376,982	2) \$	(338, 121)	\$	(7,715,103)

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Statement of Activities

Exhibit 2

		Program	Program Revenues	Net (Ex Chan	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and
				Pri	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government: Governmental activities: Instructional services Support services	\$ 3,639,577	. ↔	\$ 138,354	\$ (3,501,223) \$		
Community services	6,405	. ,	. ,	(346, 197) (6,405)	E \$	(946,197) (6,405)
Total governmental activities	4,592,179		138,354	(4,453,825)	1	(4,453,825)
Business-type activities: Preschool	351,739	319,767	1	,	(31,972)	(31,972)
Total business-type activities	351,739	319,767	1	1	(31,972)	(31,972)
Total primary government	\$ 4,943,918	\$ 319,767	\$ 138,354	(4,453,825)	(31,972)	(4,485,797)
	General revenues:					
	Unrestricted county appropriations	y appropriations		1,237,769	ı	1,237,769
	Unrestricted State	appropriations		2,788,390	B	2,788,390
	Contributions and o	donations		65,481	•	65,481
	Fundraising	•		7,469	ı	7,469
	Field trip and student fees	ent fees		30,931	ı	30,931
	Miscellaneous, unrestricted	estricted		44,163	1	44,163
	Iransfers			67,175	(67,175)	ŧ
	Total general re	Total general revenues and transfers	ısfers	4,241,378	(67,175)	4,174,203
	Change in net position	position		(212,447)	(99,147)	(311,594)
		position - beginning, previously reported	ported	66,422	104,924	171,346
	Net position - restatement	ment		(7,230,957)	(343,898)	(7,574,855)
	Net position - ending			\$ (7,376,982) \$	(338,121) \$	(7,715,103)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Balance Sheet

Exhibit 3

Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Major F	-unds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-l Fu			
ACCETC	***************************************	General		Public hool	Federal	Grants	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Security deposit	\$	540,907 89,200 90,000	\$	***	\$	-	\$	540,907 89,200 90,000
Total assets	\$	720,107	\$	-	\$	_	\$	720,107
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	S							
Accounts payable	\$	11,573	\$	-	\$		\$	11,573
Total liabilities		11,573				•		11,573
Fund balances: Restricted: Security deposit		90,000		_				90,000
Unassigned		618,534		_		_		618,534
Total fund balances		708,534		*			·····	708,534
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	720,107	\$	-	\$			
		unts reported ment of net use:	_					
Net OPEB Asset Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not								11,179
		orted in the fu						153,199
		erred outflow			-			802,238
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:							411,464	
	Net	pension liabi	-					1,511,900)
		: OPEB liabilit :rued compen	-	rences			. (5,834,105) (10,803)
		erred inflows			ed to pen	sions		(77,423)
		erred inflows			•		(2	2,029,365)
	N	et position of	governn	nental act	ivities		\$ (7,376,982)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Exhibit 4

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major	Funds	Non-Major Fund	
	General	State Public School	Federal Grants	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ 2,788,390	\$ -	\$ 2,788,390
Boards of Education	1,237,769	-	-	1,237,769
U.S. Government		-	138,354	138,354
Contributions and donations	65,481	-	-	65,481
Fundraising	7,469	-	-	7,469
Field trip and student fees	30,931	-	-	30,931
Miscellaneous	44,163	***		44,163
Total revenues	1,385,813	2,788,390	138,354	4,312,557
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional services	548,559	2,637,013	138,354	3,323,926
Support services	763,323	151,377	-	914,700
Community services	6,405	-		6,405
Capital outlay:	2,982		_	2,982
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	1,321,269	2,788,390	138,354	4,248,013
over expenditures	64,544		-	64,544
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from other funds	67,175	-	_	67,175
Total other financing sources (uses)	67,175	-		67,175
Net change in fund balance	131,719	-	-	131,719
Fund balance - beginning	576,815	_		576,815
Fund balance - ending	\$ 708,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 708,534

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC.

Reconciliation of the Statement of

Exhibit 5

Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 131,719
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(32,895)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	240,581
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	138,145
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension expense Net OPEB expense	(341,982) (348,015)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (212,447)

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2018

Exhibit 6

	Ente	erprise Fund
	M	ajor Fund
ACCETO	P	reschool
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents OPEB asset	\$	165,766 532
Total assets	<u> </u>	166,298
PENSION DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		38,155 19,569
LIABILITIES Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	<u> </u>	184,481 277,465
Total liabilities		461,946
PENSION DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,682 96,515
NET POSITION Restricted for: DIPNC OPEB plan Unrestricted	<u></u>	532 (338,653)
Total net position	\$	(338,121)

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Exhibit 7

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Enterprise Fund	
	Major Fund	
	Preschool	
OPERATING REVENUES Tuition and other charges	\$	319,767
Total operating revenues	-	319,767
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Pre-School expenses	t	320,046 31,693
Total operating expenses		351,739
Operating loss	· .	(31,972)
Transfers to other funds		(67,175)
Change in net position		(99,147)
Total net position - beginning Net position, restated		104,924 (343,898)
Total net position - ending	\$	(338,121)

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Exhibit 8

	Ent	erprise Fund
		Major Fund
		Preschool
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$	319,767 (31,693) (201,815)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 	86,259
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds	<u> </u>	(67,175)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		(67,175)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		19,084
Balance - beginning	,	146,682
Balance - ending	\$	165,766
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating loss Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in net OPEB asset Decrease (increase) in pension deferred outflows of resources Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in pension deferred inflows of resources Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	\$	(31,972) (532) 34,482 (12,245) 77,016 (73,757) (3,248) 96,515
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	86,259

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. (the "School") conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applicable to governments. Charter schools are established as non-profit entities, such as the School. Because of the authority of the State Board of Education (the "SBE") to terminate, not renew or seek applicants to assume a charter on grounds set out in the North Carolina General Statutes at G.S. 115C-218.95 with all net assets purchased with public funds reverting to a local education agency (G.S. 115C-218.100), the charter schools in North Carolina follow the governmental reporting model as used by local education agencies. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. is a North Carolina non-profit corporation incorporated in August 1998. Pursuant to the provisions of the Charter School Act of 1996 as amended (the "Act"), Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. has been approved to operate Casa Esperanza Montessori School, a public school serving approximately 481 students. The School operates under an approved charter received from the SBE and applied for under the provisions of G.S. 115C-218.1. G.S. 115C-218.6(b)(1) states that a charter school shall be subject to the audit requirements adopted by the SBE, which includes the audit requirements established by G.S. 115C-447 of the School Budget and Fiscal Control Act (SBFCA), and requires the financial statements to be prepared in accordance with GAAP. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2027, and may be renewed for subsequent periods of ten (10) years unless one of the conditions in G.S. 115C-218.6(b) applies in which case the SBE may renew the charter for a shorter period or not renew the charter.

B. Basis of Presentation

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u> ("GASB 34"), the School is a special-purpose government that is engaged in governmental activities and is not a component unit of another government. Therefore, the financial statements are prepared in the same manner as general purpose governments.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the School. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the School and for each function of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the School's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for specific operating needs of the School and is reported as a special revenue fund.

The School reports the following major enterprise fund:

Preschool Fund. The Preschool Fund is used to account for the activity of the pre-kindergarten program, the before and after school care program and the inter-sessional care program.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the School funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, on a school-wide basis. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The governing board has voluntarily established the policy, as a sound business practice, that expenditures may not exceed appropriations, for all the School's funds, based on the adopted budget and subsequent amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget presented in the supplemental data represents the budget of the School at June 30, 2018. All appropriations lapse at year end.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

All deposits of the School are made in local banks, whose accounts are FDIC insured. Also, the School may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement. All cash held with original maturities of three months or less are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts owed to the School from local school boards. The School has reviewed the receivable balances and determined the amounts to be fully collectible.

4. Security Deposit

Payments made by the School in accordance with its facility lease agreement reflect amounts applicable to a future accounting period and are recorded as security deposits.

5. Capital Assets

The School's donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the School to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$500 with an estimated useful life of three or more years. In addition, other items which are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks and office furniture are capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. All depreciable assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Leasehold Improvements	15
Instructional Equipment	5 to 7

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u> (Continued)

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The School has two items that meet this criterion — pension and OPEB related deferrals and contributions made to the plans subsequent to the measurement date. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The School has two items that meet the criterion for this category — pension and OPEB related deferrals.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

8. Compensated Absences

The School offers its employees both sick days and leave days. Employees may accumulate up to seventy two (72) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The School accounts for its leave on a first-in, first-out basis, such that the oldest available leave is used first. The current portion of the liability is recorded as such in the government-wide financial statements.

9. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications (out of a total of five classifications) designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

- E. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 9. <u>Net Position/Fund Balances</u> (Continued)
 The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

<u>Security Deposit</u> – portion of fund balance and net position not available for appropriation because it represents a security deposit due to a requirement with the School's facility lease agreement.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The School will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, and board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balances, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The School has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

10. Reconciliation Between Government-wide and Fund Statements

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between governmental funds' total fund balance and governmental activities' net position as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(8,085,516) consists of several elements as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds.	\$ 539,458
Less accumulated depreciation	(386,259)
Net OPEB asset	11,179
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	802,238
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	411,464

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity E. (Continued)

10. Reconciliation Between Government-wide and Fund Statements (Continued)

Liabilities that, because they are not due or payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the funds statements:

Net pension liability	(1,511,900)
Net OPEB liability	(5,834,105)
Accrued compensated absences	(10,803)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(77,423)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,029,365)
Total adjustment	<u>\$(8,085,516)</u>

F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. **Funding**

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., North Carolina is funded by the State Board of Education, receiving (i) an amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for the average daily membership (ADM) from the local school administrative unit allotments in which the School is located (i.e. Wake County Board of Education) for each child attending the School except for the allocation for children with special needs and (ii) an additional amount for each child attending the School who is a child with special needs [G,S, 115C-238,29H(a)].

Subject to certain limitations, funds allocated by the SBE may be used to enter into operational and financing leases for real property or mobile classroom units for use as school facilities for charter schools and may be used for payments on loans made to charter schools for facilities, equipment, or operations. [G.S. 115C-218.105(b)].

Additionally, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. receives for each student an amount equal to the per pupil share of the local current expense fund of the local school administrative unit in which the child resides. [G.S. 115C-218,105(c)]. Amounts transferred that consist of revenue from supplemental taxes shall be transferred only to a charter school located in the district where the taxes are levied and child resides.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses (Continued)

1. <u>Funding</u> (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. received funding from the Boards of Education for Wake, Durham, Johnston, Franklin, Granville, Wayne, Harnett and Pitt County Schools.

Furthermore, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. has received donations of cash and/or equipment from private organizations. The cash is available to be used throughout the year for the School's various programs and activities.

2. Reconciliation Between Government-Wide and Fund Statements

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is followed by a reconciliation between the change in governmental funds' fund balance and the change in governmental activities' net position as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. The net difference of \$(344,166) between the two amounts consists of the following elements:

Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets on the statement of activities.	\$ 2,982
Depreciation expense that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(35,877)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities.	240,581
Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities.	138,145
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as	

	Pension expense		(341,982)
	OPEB expense		(348,015)
Total		٠	<u>\$ (344,166)</u>

expenditures in the fund statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses (Continued)

3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Plans</u>

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The School's employer contributions are recognized when due and the School has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

G. Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

At June 30, 2018, the School had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$706,673. The bank balance with the financial institutions was \$749,514 of which \$499,514 was not covered by federal depository insurance. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Capital Assets</u> Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

		eginning Balances	ln	creases	De	creases		Ending alances
Governmental activities: Capital assets being depreciated: Instructional equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	102,597 433,879	\$	- 2,982	\$	-	\$	102,597 436,861
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	by to the same of	536,476		2,982		-		539,458
Instructional equipment Leasehold improvements		89,654 260,728		4,166 31,711	MAG	-		93,820 292,439
Total accumulated depreciation		350,382	\$	35,877	\$	-		386,259
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities	_	186,094						153,199
capital assets, net	\$	186,094					<u>\$</u>	153,199

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional programs	\$	26,908
Supporting services		8,969
	<u>\$</u>	35,877

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The School is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

- 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)
 - B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. School employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The School's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 10.78% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the School were \$252,023, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions. School employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability of \$1,696,381 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, and 2017, the School's proportion was .020% and .020%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School recognized pension expense of \$461,674. At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows of		Outflows of			Deferred of online of the original of the orig
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	36,774	\$	55,498				
Changes of assumptions		268,003		-				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		229,578		-				
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and proportionate share of contributions		54,015		25,607				
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date	252,023		******	_				
	\$	840,393	<u>\$</u>	81,105				

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

\$252,023 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions total \$507,265. This amount will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Amount_			
2019	\$	101,449		
2020		339,776		
2021		157,920		
2022		(91,880)		

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
•	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		1%
	Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)	Increase (8.20%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,491,859	\$ 1,696,383	\$ 192,004

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state—supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the School contributed 6.05% of covered payroll which amounted to \$141,442.

At June 30, 2018, School reported a liability of \$6,111,570 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the School's proportion was 0.019%.

\$141,442 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Amount			
2019	\$	(368,722)		
2020		(368,722)		
2021		(368,722)		
2022		(368,722)		
2023		(368,154)		
Thereafter		_		

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 1. Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10%, including 3.5% inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rate -

5.00 to 6.50%

medical

Healthcare cost trend rate -

5.00 to 7.25%

prescription drug

Healthcare cost trend rate -

4.00 to 5.00%

Medicare advantage

Healthcare cost trend rate -

3.00%

administrative

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 3.58%. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 3.58% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current discount rate:

			Discount Rate	1%	
Increase	(2.58%)	(3.58%)	(4,58%)		
	Net OPEB liability	\$ 7,290,752	\$ 6,111,570	\$ 5,176,312	

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)

b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Healthcare Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% increase
	(Medical - 4.00-	(Medical -5.00-	(Medical -6.00-
	5.50%, Pharmacy -	6.50%,	7.50%, Pharmacy
	4.00-6.25%,	Pharmacy - 5.00-	- 6.00-
	Medicare	7.25%,	8.25%, Medicare
	Advantage - 3.00-	Medicare Advantage	Advantage - 5.00-
	4.00%,	- 4.00-	6.00%,
	Administrative -	5.00%, Administrative	Administrative -
	2.00%)	- 3.00%)	4.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,992,590	\$ 6,111,570	\$ 7,598,838

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR for the State of

2. Disability Benefits

North Carolina.

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer,

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

the State Superintendent and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.14% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. School contributions to the plan were \$3,273 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. <u>Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations</u> (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, School reported an asset of \$11,711 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total OPEB asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The School's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the School's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the School's proportion was 0.019%.

\$3,273 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase or decrease of the net OPEB asset or liability, respectively, in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	<u>Ar</u>	Amount		
2019	\$	946		
2020		946		
2021		945		
2022		642		
2023		-		
Thereafter		**		

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10%, including 3.5% inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75%, net of OPEB plan expense, including

inflation

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)		Discount Rate (3.75%)			
Net OPEB asset	\$	9,956	\$	11,711	\$	13,469

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

- 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)
 - B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

- B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)
 - 1. Pension Plan and OBEB Plan Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)
 - 2. Long-term Disability Benefits (Continued)

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	RHBF		DIPNC	Total
OPEB Expense	\$ 359,110	\$	5,456	\$ 364,566
OPEB Liability (Asset)	6,111,570		(11,711)	6,099,859
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.01864%	((0.01916)%	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources Differences between expected and				
actual experience			3,211	3,211
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	-		•	-
investments	••		2,567	2,567
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions School contributions subsequent to the	280,540		-	280,540
measurement date	141,442		3,273	144,715
Deferred Inflows of Resources Differences between expected and				
actual experience	438,211		_	438,211
Changes of assumptions	1,683,099		_	1,683,099
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			.,,
investments	2,271		-	2,271
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	-		2,299	2,299

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

The balance in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2018 is composed of the following elements:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	_[i	eferred offlow of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,211	\$	438,211
Changes of assumptions		-	1	,683,099
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,567		2,271
Changes in proportion and differences between School contributions and proportionate share of contributions	:	280,540		2,299
School contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>144,715</u>		-
	\$	431,033	<u>\$ 2</u>	125,880

3. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School maintains general liability and errors and omissions insurance coverage of \$1 million per occurrence with a commercial carrier.

As authorized by G.S. 115C-238.29F(e)(4), the School also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through this Plan, permanent full-time employees of the School are eligible to receive health care benefits. The School pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Medical Plan.

The School carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past two fiscal years.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

3. Risk Management (Continued)

The School has elected not to carry flood insurance because the School is not in an area of the state that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

The School carries fidelity bond coverage in the amount of \$250,000 for all its employees.

4. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

Changes in General Long Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in the School's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance, Restated	<u>increases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances	Current Portion
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated Absences	\$ 1,764,748 7,384,940 10,803 \$ 9,160,491	\$ - - \$ -	\$ 252,848 1,550,835 	\$ 1,511,900 5,834,105 10,803 \$ 7,356,808	\$ - - 10,803 \$ -
Business-Type Activities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ 107,465 351,222 \$ 458,687	\$ 77,016 - \$ 77,016	\$ - <u>73,757</u> \$ 73,757	\$ 184,481 277,465 \$ 461,946	\$ - <u>\$</u>

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

4. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> (Continued)

Operating Lease

The School entered into an eight-year lease agreement for its building starting August 22, 2006. In April 2014, the School amended their lease agreement to extend the maturity date and expand the square footage of space utilized. Monthly lease payments range from \$16,358 to \$44,088 through maturity in July 2026. Additionally, the School has an office equipment lease which matures in December 2018. Lease payments for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$516,828 under these lease agreements. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30, 2019	\$ 438,44	11
June 30, 2020	448,41	19
June 30, 2021	460,72	26
June 30, 2022	473,40)7
June 30, 2023	486,46	32
June 30, 2024 – 2027	1,585,54	13
	<u>\$ 3,892,99</u>	<u>8</u>

Line of Credit

The School has a line of credit agreement with a local financial institution with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$100,000. The obligation is payable on demand. Interest is payable monthly at the prime rate (4.25% at June 30, 2018) plus 2%. No amounts are outstanding under this agreement at June 30, 2018.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

From the Enterprise Fund to the General Fund to repay the General Fund for the operating expenses of the program.

\$ 67,175

D. Fund Balance

Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. has a revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The School will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, and board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The School may deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the School.

2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

D. Fund Balance (Continued)

The following schedule provides information on the portion of general fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance	\$ 708,534
Less:	
Restricted for security deposit	 (90,000)
Remaining fund balance	\$ 618.534

3. Related Party Transactions

The director of the School also serves as a member of the governing board. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, this employee was paid a salary of \$4,572 from the General Fund and \$105,156 from the State Public School Fund.

4. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The School has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

5. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 29, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

6. Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement

The School implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the School to record beginning net OPEB liability and Net OPEB asset and the effects on net position from contributions made by the School during the measurement period (fiscal year ended June 30, 2017). As a result, net position for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$7,230,957 and \$343,898, respectively.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years *

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) School's covered-employee payroll	0.020% \$ 1,696,383 \$ 2,337,878	0.020% \$ 1,872,213 \$ 2,420,930	0.018% \$ 655,964 \$ 2,240,336	0.016% \$ 187,586 \$ 2,019,991	0.017% \$ 1,019,931 \$ 1,712,684	4
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	72.56%	77.33%	29.28%	9.29%	29.55%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.51%	87.32%	94.64%	98.24%	%09'06	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
Last Five Fiscal Years

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	49	252,023	₩	241,609	↔	204,991	69	184,829	↔	148,832
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		252,023		241,609		204,991		184,829		148,832
Contribution deficiency (excess)	မှာ	-	↔	J	ઝ	1	es	ŗ	ક્ક	
School's covered-employee payroll	↔	2,337,878	€	2,420,930	↔	2,240,336	69	2,019,991	↔	1,712,684
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.78%		9.98%		9.15%		9.15%		8.69%

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC.
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY.
Retiree Health Benefit Fund
Last Fiscal Year *

	2018	2017	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) School's covered-employee payroll	0.019% \$ 6,111,570 \$ 2,337,878	0.018% \$ 7,736,162 \$ 2,420,930	
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	261.42%	319.55%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	3.52%	2.41%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Seven Fiscal Years

2012	86,581	86,581		1,677,927	5.16%
(1)	()		↔	69	
2013	92,731	92,731	ı	1,698,353	5.46%
	€9		₩	₩	
2014	95,225	95,225	t	1,712,684	5.56%
	€9		છ	↔	
2015	114,129	114,129	1	2,019,991	5.65%
	(/)		₩	↔	
2016	129,043	129,043	Ē	2,240,336	5.76%
	€3		κ	↔	
2017	144,534	144,534	***	2,420,930	5.97%
	↔		ક્ક	↔	
2018	145,182	145,182	1	2,337,878	6.21%
	↔		69	↔	
	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC.
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina
Last Fiscal Year*

	2018	2017	
School's proportion of the net OPEB asset (liability) School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) School's covered-employee payroll	0.019% \$ 11,711 \$ 2,337,878	0.018% \$ 11,445 \$ 2,420,930	
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.50%	0.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	116.23%	116.06%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Last Seven Fiscal Years

2012	8,725	8,725	E E	1,677,927	0.52%
	↔		\$	↔	
2013	7,473	7,473	±	1,698,353	0.44%
	↔		မာ	↔	
2014	7,536	7,536	E	1,712,684	0.44%
	€9		↔	↔	
2015	8,281	8,281	į.	2,019,991	0.41%
	↔		↔	₩	
2016	9,185	9,185	1	2,240,336	0.41%
	↔		↔	↔	
2017	9,200	9,200	1	2,420,930	0.38%
	↔	Ì	சு	↔	
2018	3,273	3,273		2,337,878	0.14%
	€>	İ	₩	↔	
	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	School's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

Statement 1

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. All Governmental Fund Types Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				2018		
		Final			(Un	avorable favorable)
		Budget		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:	¢.	2 700 100	•	2 700 200	\$	2 204
State of North Carolina Board(s) of Education	\$	2,786,186	\$	2,788,390	φ	2,204
		1,125,556		1,122,028		(3,528)
Wake County		81,828		91,102		9,274
Durham County		9,299		8,603		(696)
Johnston County		6,996		11,051		4,055
Franklin County		954		11,001		4,055 (954)
Granville County		1,843		2,081		238
Wayne County		•				236 18
Harnett County		1,118		1,136		164
Pitt County		1,604		1,768		
U.S. Government		126,193		138,354		12,161
Contributions and donations		60,000		65,481		5,481
Fundraising		-		7,469		7,469
Field trip and student fees		10,000		30,931		20,931
Miscellaneous		72,176		44,163	-	(28,013)
Total revenues		4,283,753		4,312,557		28,804
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular services		2,591,100		2,652,883		(61,783)
Special services		186,570		189,518		(2,948)
Alternative programs		40,721		41,131		(410)
School leadership services		130,238		325,868		(195,630)
School based support services		107,230		114,526		(7,296)
Total instructional services		3,055,859		3,323,926		(268,067)
Support services:						
Operational support		74,781		120,017		(45,236)
Technology support		22,365		36,000		(13,635)
Financial and human resources support		145,128		233,736		(88,608)
Policy, leadership and public relations support		834,912		524,947		309,965
Total support services		1,077,186		914,700		162,486
Community services		6,088		6,405		(317)
Capital outlay		5,000		2,982		2,018
Total expenditures		4,144,133		4,248,013		(103,880)

Statement 1

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. All Governmental Fund Types Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

			2018			
		Final Budget	Actual	(Ur	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers Appropriated fund balance Transfer from other funds	\$	(139,620)	\$ 67,175	\$	139,620 67,175	
	<u> </u>	(139,620)	67,175		206,795	
Excess of revenue over expenditures		~	\$ 131,719	\$	131,719	

Statement 2

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. Proprietary Fund Types Statement of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018					
	Final Budget		Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance		
Revenues: Tuition and other charges	\$ 31	3,811	\$ 3	319,767	\$	5,956	
Total revenues	31:	3,811	3	319,767		5,956	
Expenditures: Salaries and benefits Pre-School expenses		9,682 3,265		320,046 31,693		(110,364) 21,572	
Total expenditures	262	2,947	3	351,739		(88,792)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	50	0,864		(31,972)		(82,836)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds Fund balance appropriated Total other financing sources (uses)		0,864) 0,864)	<u></u>	(67,175)	***************************************	(67,175) 50,864 (16,311)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$		·····	(99,147)	\$	(99,147)	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:							
Reconciling items:							
Change in net position			6 ((99,147)			

Caroline P. Abbott Jeffrey A. Brovet Thomas R. Crawford Amanda P. Habich Kristen T. Hoyle



David A. Johnson Chris P. Judy Geri H. Lail James K. Tiller David W. Tucker

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. Raleigh, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29,

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas, Judy & Jucker, P.A.

November 29, 2018

Caroline P. Abbott Jeffrey A. Brovet Thomas R. Crawford Amanda P. Habich Kristen T. Hoyle



David A. Johnson Chris P. Judy Geri H. Lail James K. Tiller David W. Tucker

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT **IMPLEMENTATION ACT**

To the Board of Directors Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc. Raleigh, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state statutes, regulations, contracts, and the terms and conditions of its State awards applicable to its State programs

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc.'s compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Casa Esperanza Montessori, Inc., North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thomas, Judy & Jucker, P.A.

November 29, 2018

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	XNo
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	XNone Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
State Awards		
Internal control over major State programs:		
Material weakness identified?	Yes	XNo
Significant deficiency identified?	Yes	X None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State p	orograms: Unmod	dified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	Yes	XNo
Identification of major State programs:		
Program Name State Public School Fund		
SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS		
No Findings.		
SECTION III - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED	O COSTS	
No Findings.		

CASA ESPERANZA MONTESSORI, INC. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

None.